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THIRD SEMESTER (CBCSS—UG) DEGREE EXAMINATION NOVEMBER 2023

B.Com./B.B.A

A11—BASIC NUMERICAL METHODS

(2019-2022 Admissions)

Time : Two Hours and a Half

Maximum : 80 Marks

Answer should be written in English Only.

Part A

Answer all questions.

- 1. What is mean by an equation ?
- 2. Define a simultaneous equation in three variables.
- 3. Define a scalar matrix.
- 4. Define order of a matrix.
- 5. Show that $\begin{bmatrix} 2 & -1 & 3 \\ -1 & 2 & 1 \\ 3 & 1 & 4 \end{bmatrix}$ is symmetric.
- 6. Explain determinant of a 3×3 matrix with an example.
- 7. Define geometric progression and write the formula for finding n^{th} term of G.P
- 8. Define Harmonic progression.
- 9. Define immediate annuity.
- 10. What is mean by growing perpetuity?
- 11. Define nominal rate of interest.
- 12. Explain the merits and demerits of mode.

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- 13. Define geometric mean.
- 14. Define mean deviation.
- 15. What are absolute measures of dispersion ?

 $(15 \times 2 = 30, Maximum ceiling 25 marks)$

Part B

Answer all questions.

- 16. Solve 14x 28 + 2x 4 = 6 + 2x 10.
- 17. Solve x + y = 4, $4x^2 3y^2 = 33$.
- 18. Demand for goods of an industry is given by the equation pq = 100 and supply is given by the equation 20 + 3p = q where p is the price and q is the quantity.

Find p and q.

19. If
$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 & 2 \\ 2 & 1 & 2 \\ 2 & 2 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$
, show that $A^2 - 4A - 5I = 0$.

- 20. Define arithmetic mean and also insert four arithmetic mean between 52 and 77.
- 21. If the 5th and the 10th terms of a G.P are 32 and 1024 respectively. Find the first term and the common ratio.
- 22. Find the compound interest Rs. 10,000 for 3 years at 5 % per annum.
- 23. Find the arithmetic mean of the following data :

Marks	:	10	20 30	40
No of students	:	40	32 12	5

 $(8 \times 5 = 40,$ Maximum ceiling 35 marks)

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Part C

Answer any **two** questions.

24. If
$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 & 0 \\ 0 & 3 & 0 \\ 1 & 1 & 4 \end{bmatrix}$$
, show that $AA^{-1} = A^{-1}A = I$.

- 25. Solve the system of linear equation :
 - x + y + z = 7x + 2y + 3z = 16x + 3y + 4z = 22.
- 26. (a) Define annuity and explain different types of annuities.
 - (b) Find the total amount of annuity of Rs. 400 payable at the end of every quarter for 6 years at 8 % per annum compounded quarterly.
- 27. (a) Define quartile deviation and explain its merits and demerits.
 - (b) Using quartile deviation compare the following series and state which one is more variables?

Series 1	:	5	10	27	90	38	56	29	43	39	86	30
Series 2	:	10	27	15	35	89	72	28	40	45	28	39

 $(2 \times 10 = 20 \text{ marks})$